

February 1984 Revised March 2001

MM74HC4316 Quad Analog Switch with Level Translator

General Description

The MM74HC4316 devices are digitally controlled analog switches implemented in advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology. These switches have low "ON" resistance and low "OFF" leakages. They are bidirectional switches, thus any analog input may be used as an output and vice-versa. Three supply pins are provided on the MM74HC4316 to implement a level translator which enables this circuit to operate with 0–6V logic levels and up to \pm 6V analog switch levels. The MM74HC4316 also has a common enable input in addition to each switch's control which when HIGH will disable all switches to their OFF state. All analog inputs and outputs and digital inputs are protected from electrostatic damage by diodes to $V_{\rm CC}$ and ground.

Features

- Typical switch enable time: 20 ns
- Wide analog input voltage range: ±6V
- Low "ON" resistance:

50 typ. (V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 4.5V) 30 typ. (V_{CC} – V_{EE} = 9V)

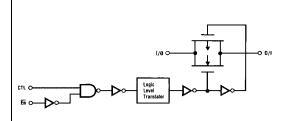
- Low quiescent current: 80 µA maximum (74HC)
- Matched switch characteristics
- Individual switch controls plus a common enable

Ordering Code:

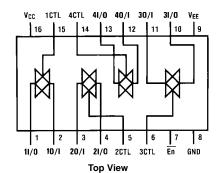
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74HC4316M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150 Narrow
MM74HC4316SJ	M16D	16-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide
MM74HC4316MTC	MTC16	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
MM74HC4316N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300 Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Logic Diagram



Connection Diagram



Truth Table

Inp	Switch			
En	En CTL			
Н	Х	"OFF"		
L	L	"OFF"		
L	Н	"ON"		

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

(Note 2)

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	-0.5 to +7.5V
Supply Voltage (V _{EE})	+0.5 to -7.5 V
DC Control Input Voltage (V _{IN})	-1.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.5V$
DC Switch I/O Voltage (V _{IO})	V_{EE} -0.5 to V_{CC} +0.5V
Clamp Diode Current (I _{IK} , I _{OK})	±20 mA
DC Output Current, per pin (I _{OUT})	±25 mA
DC V_{CC} or GND Current, per pin (I_{CC})	±50 mA
Storage Temperature Range (T _{STG})	-65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation (P _D)	
(Note 3)	600 mW
S.O. Package only	500 mW
Lead Temperature (T _L)	
(Soldering 10 seconds)	260°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	2	6	V
Supply Voltage (V _{EE})	0	-6	V
DC Input or Output Voltage			
(V _{IN} , V _{OUT})	0	V_{CC}	V
Operating Temperature Range (T _A)	-40	+85	°C
Input Rise or Fall Times			
$(t_r, t_f) V_{CC} = 2.0V$		1000	ns
$V_{CC} = 4.5V$		500	ns
$V_{CC} = 6.0V$		400	ns
$V_{CC} = 12.0V$		250	ns

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.

Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: –
12 mW/°C from 65°C to 85°C.

DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{EE}	Vcc	T _A = 25°C		$T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	T _A = -55 to 125°C	Units
Syllibol	Farameter			VCC	Тур		Guaranteed I	Limits	Units
V _{IH}	Minimum HIGH Level			2.0V		1.5	1.5	1.5	V
	Input Voltage			4.5V		3.15	3.15	3.15	V
				6.0V		4.2	4.2	4.2	V
V _{IL}	Maximum LOW Level			2.0V		0.5	0.5	0.5	V
	Input Voltage			4.5V		1.35	1.35	1.35	V
				6.0V		1.8	1.8	1.8	V
R _{ON}	Minimum "ON" Resistance	$V_{CTL} = V_{IH}$, $I_S = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	GND	4.5V	100	170	200	220	Ω
	(Note 5)	$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}	-4.5V	4.5V	40	85	105	110	Ω
		(Figure 1)	-6.0V	6.0V	30	70	85	90	Ω
			GND	2.0V	100	180	215	240	Ω
		$V_{CTL} = V_{IH}$, $I_S = 2.0 \text{ mA}$	GND	4.5V	40	80	100	120	Ω
		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	-4.5V	4.5V	50	60	75	80	Ω
		(Figure 1)	-6.0V	6.0V	20	40	60	70	Ω
R _{ON}	Maximum "ON" Resistance	$V_{CTL} = V_{IH}$	GND	4.5V	10	15	20	20	Ω
	Matching	$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}	-4.5V	4.5V	5	10	15	15	Ω
			-6.0V	6.0V	5	10	15	15	Ω
I _{IN}	Maximum Control	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND	GND	6.0V		±0.1	±1.0	±1.0	μΑ
	Input Current								
I _{IZ}	Maximum Switch "OFF"	$V_{OS} = V_{CC}$ or V_{EE}	GND	6.0V		±60	±600	±600	nA
	Leakage Current	$V_{IS} = V_{EE}$ or V_{CC}	-6.0V	6.0V		±100	±1000	±1000	nA
		V _{CTL} = V _{IL} (Figure 2)							
I _{IZ}	Maximum Switch "ON"	$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to V_{EE}	GND	6.0V		±40	±150	±150	nA
	Leakage Current	$V_{CTL} = V_{IH}, V_{OS} = OPEN$	-6.0V	6.0V		±60	±300	±300	nA
		(Figure 3)							
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND	GND	6.0V		2.0	20	40	μА
	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	-6.0V	6.0V		8.0	80	160	μΑ

Note 4: For a power supply of 5V \pm 10% the worst case on resistances (R_{CN}) occurs for HC at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case V_{IH} and V_{IL} occur at V_{CC} = 5.5V and 4.5V respectively. (The V_{IH} value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current occurs for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 5.5V values should be used.

Note 5: At supply voltages (V_{CC}-V_{EE}) approaching 2V the analog switch on resistance becomes extremely non-linear. Therefore it is recommended that these devices be used to transmit digital only when using these supply voltages.

AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{CC} = 2.0V - 6.0V$, $V_{EE} = 0V - 6V$, $C_L = 50$ pF (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{EE}	v _{cc}	$T_A = -$	+25°C	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	Units
Oymboi	Tarameter				Тур		Guaranteed	Limits	Oilles
t _{PHL} ,	Maximum Propagation		GND	2.0V	25	50	63	75	ns
t_{PLH}	Delay Switch		GND	4.5V	5	10	13	15	ns
	In to Out		-4.5V	4.5V	4	8	12	14	ns
			-6.0V	6.0V	3	7	11	13	ns
t _{PZL} ,	Maximum Switch	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$	GND	2.0V	30	165	206	250	ns
t_{PZH}	Turn "ON" Delay		GND	4.5V	20	35	43	53	ns
	(Control)		-4.5V	4.5V	15	32	39	48	ns
			-6.0V	6.0V	14	30	37	45	ns
t _{PHZ} ,	Maximum Switch	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$	GND	2.0V	45	250	312	375	ns
t_{PLZ}	Turn "OFF" Delay		GND	4.5V	25	50	63	75	ns
	(Control)		-4.5V	4.5V	20	44	55	66	ns
			-6.0V	6.0V	20	44	55	66	
t _{PZL} ,	Maximum Switch		GND	2.0V	35	205	256	308	ns
t _{PZH}	Turn "ON" Delay		GND	4.5V	20	41	52	62	ns
1211	(Enable)		-4.5V	4.5V	19	38	48	57	ns
	, ,,		-6.0V	6.0V	18	36	45	54	ns
t _{PLZ} ,	Maximum Switch		GND	2.0V	58	265	330	400	ns
t _{PHZ}	Turn "OFF" Delay		GND	4.5V	28	53	67	79	ns
*FNZ	(Enable)		-4.5V	4.5V	23	47	59	70	ns
	(2.10510)		-6.0V	6.0V	21	47	59	70	ns
f _{MAX}	Minimum Frequency	$R_I = 600\Omega$, $V_{IS} = 2V_{PP}$	0.0 V	4.5	40		00	70	MHz
IMAX	Response (Figure 7)	at (V _{CC} -V _{EE} /2)	-4.5V	4.5V	100				MHz
	20 log (V _{OS} /V _{IS})= -3 dB		- 4 .5¥	4.5 V	100				IVIIIZ
	Control to Switch	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $F = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0V	4.5V	100				mV
	Feedthrough Noise	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	-4.5V	4.5V	250				mV
	•	= -	-4.5V	4.5 V	230				IIIV
	(Figure 8)	(Note 7) (Note 8) R ₁ = 600Ω, F = 1 MHz							
	Crosstalk Between	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $F = 1 MHZ$	0V	4.5\/	-52				dB
	any Two Switches			4.5V					
	(Figure 9)		-4.5V	4.5V	-50				dB
	Switch OFF Signal	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $F = 1 MHz$	-1.1	, .					
	Feedthrough Isolation	$V_{CTL} = V_{IL}$	0V	4.5V	-42				dB
	(Figure 10)	(Note 7) (Note 8)	-4.5V	4.5V	-44				dB
THD	Sinewave Harmonic	$R_L = 10 \text{ K}\Omega, C_L = 50 \text{ pF},$							
	Distortion	F = 1 KHz							
	(Figure 11)	$V_{IS} = 4V_{PP}$	0V	4.5V	0.013				%
		$V_{IS} = 8V_{PP}$	-4.5V	4.5V	0.008				%
C _{IN}	Maximum Control				5				pF
	Input Capacitance								
C _{IN}	Maximum Switch				35				pF
	Input Capacitance								
C _{IN}	Maximum Feedthrough	V _{CTL} = GND			0.5				pF
	Capacitance								
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation				15				pF
	Capacitance								

Note 6: Adjust 0 dBm for F = 1 KHz (Null R_L/Ron Attenuation).

Note 7: V_{IS} is centered at $V_{CC}-V_{EE}/2$.

Note 8: Adjust for 0 dBm.

AC Test Circuits and Switching Time Waveforms

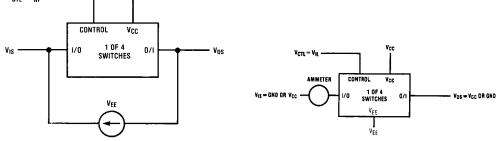
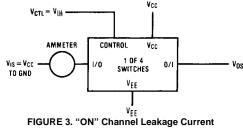


FIGURE 1. "ON" Resistance

FIGURE 2. "OFF" Channel Leakage Current



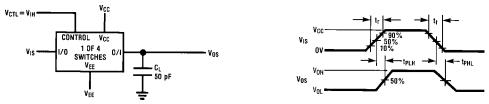


FIGURE 4. $t_{\rm PHL}$, $t_{\rm PLH}$ Propagation Delay Time Signal Input to Signal Output

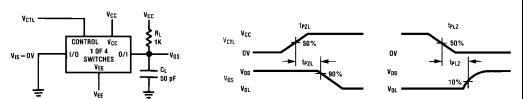


FIGURE 5. $t_{\rm PZL}$, $t_{\rm PLZ}$ Propagation Delay Time Control to Signal Output

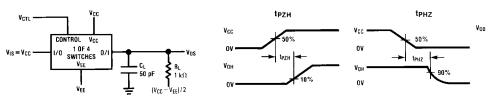
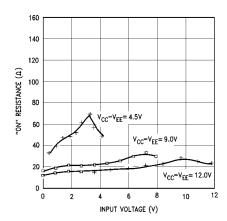


FIGURE 6. t_{PZH} , t_{PHZ} Propagation Delay Time Control to Signal Output

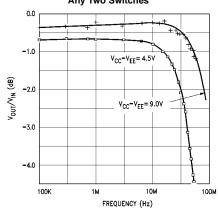
AC Test Circuits and Switching Time Waveforms (Continued) V_{EE} FIGURE 7. Frequency Response IN/OUT SWITCHES OUT/IN VEE $\frac{R_{|N|}}{600\Omega}$ VEE V_{CC}/2 FIGURE 8. Crosstalk: Control Input to Signal Output $V_{CTL(1)} = V_{CC}$ $600\,\Omega$ N/OUT 1 OF 4 SWITCHES OUT/ $V_{CTL(2)} = ov$ VEE $^{\text{R}_{\text{L}}}_{\text{600}\Omega}$ 600Ω FIGURE 9. : Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{IN}}$ is a sine wave ${\sf F_{\sf IN}}$ is a sine wave OUT/IN v_{EE} V_{EE} V_{EE} FIGURE 10. Switch OFF Signal Feedthrough Isolation FIGURE 11. Sinewave Distortion

Typical Performance Characteristics

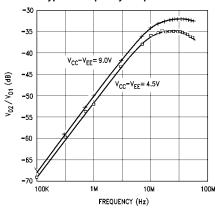
Typical "ON" Resistance



Typical Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches



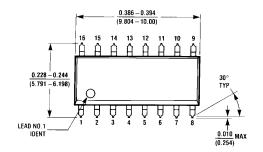
Typical Frequency Response

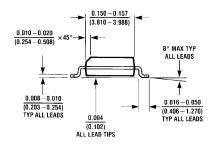


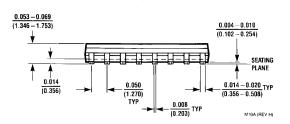
Special Considerations

In certain applications the external load-resistor current may include both V_{CC} and signal line components. To avoid drawing V_{CC} current when switch current flows into

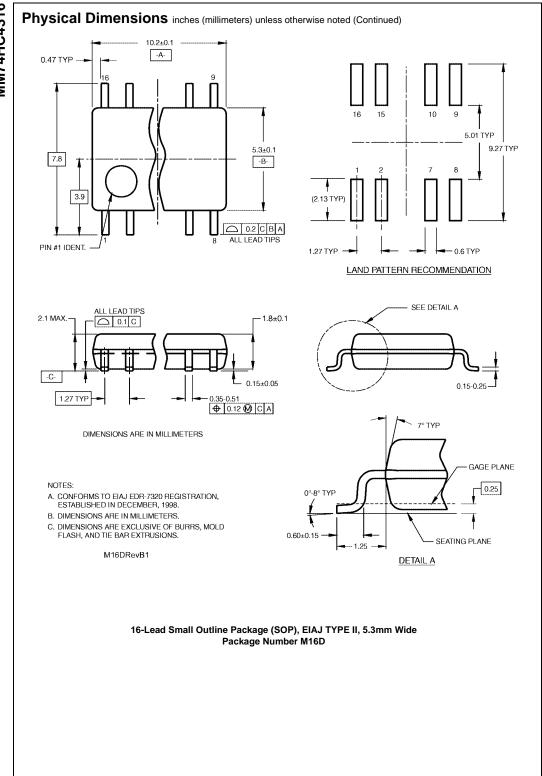
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

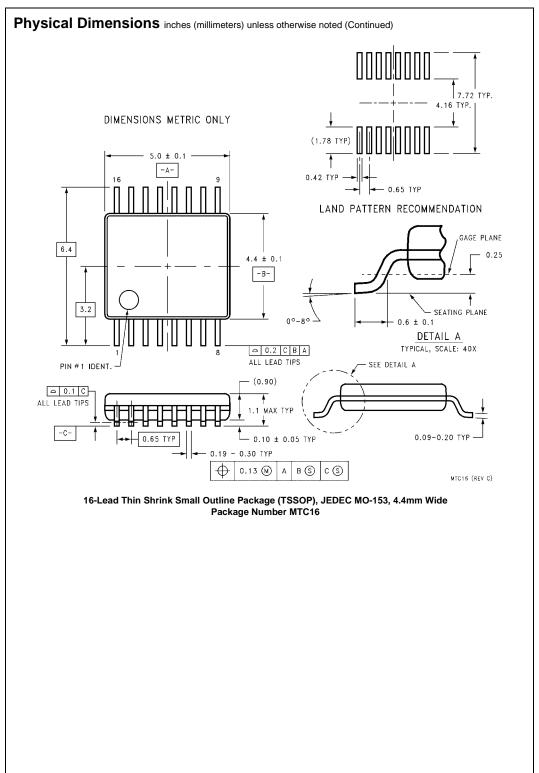


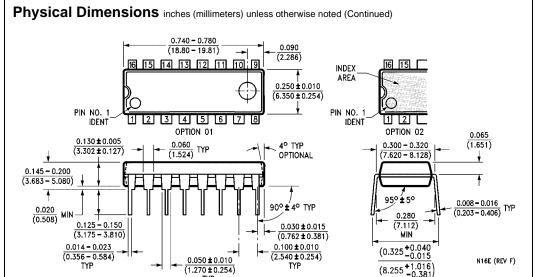




16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150 Narrow Package Number M16A







16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300 Wide Package Number N16E

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