UC2843B

Preliminary

LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

HIGH-PERFORMANCE CURRENT-MODE PWM CONTROLLERS

DESCRIPTION

The UTC UC2843B provides off-line or DC-DC fixed-frequency current-mode control design with minimum external components. Internally-implemented circuits include an under-voltage lockout (UVLO) and a precision reference with accuracy at the error amplifier input. The UTC UC2843B also contain internal circuits which include a pulse width modulation (PWM) comparator providing current-limit control, logic ensuring latched operation, and a totem-pole output stage designed to source or sink high-peak current. The output stage is low when it is in off-state condition and suitable for N-channel MOSFETs driving.

The UTC UC2843B also has following advantages: the start-up current lower than 0.5mA while the oscillator discharge current is specified to 8.3mA (Typ.). In UVLO conditions, the output has a maximum saturation voltage of 1.2V when sinking $10\text{mA@V}_{CC} = 5\text{V}$.

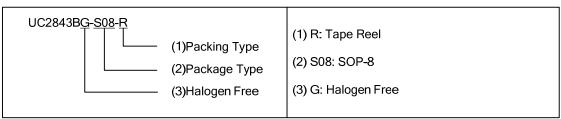
The typical UVLO threshold of the UTC UC2843B is 8.4V (on) and 7.6V (off) and can operate to duty cycles approximately 100%.

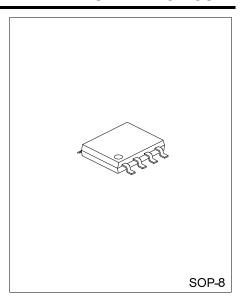
FEATURES

- Current mode operation:500 kHz
- Low start-up current value < 0.5mA
- Latching PWM for cycle-by-cycle current limiting
- Trimmed oscillator discharge current
- Automatic feed-forward compensation
- Internally trimmed reference with UVLO
- High-current totem-pole output UVLO with hysteresis
- Double-pulse suppression
- Halogen free

ORDERING INFORMATION

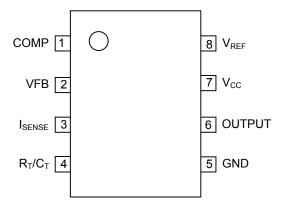
Ordering Number	Package	Packing
UC2843BG-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel





www.unisonic.com.tw 1 of 9 QW-R103-048.a

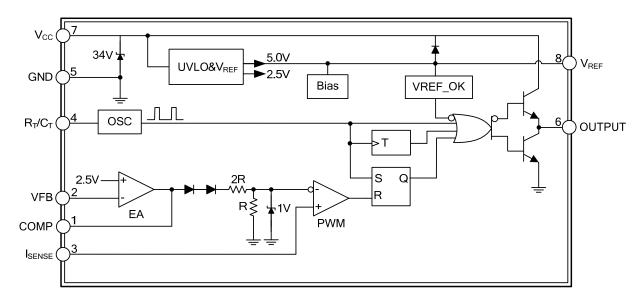
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	COMP	This pin is the Error Amplifier output and is made available for loop compensation.
2	VFB	This is the inverting input of the Error Amplifier. It is normally connected to the switching power supply output through a resistor divider.
3	I _{SENSE}	A voltage proportional to inductor current is connected to this input. The PWM uses this information to terminate the output switch conduction.
4	R _T /C _T	The Oscillator frequency and maximum Output duty cycle are programmed by connecting resistor R_T to V_{REF} and capacitor C_T to ground. Operation to 500 kHz is possible.
5	GND	This pin is the combined control circuitry and power ground.
6	OUTPUT	This output directly drives the gate of a power MOSFET. Peak currents up to 1.0 A are sourced and sunk by this pin.
7	V _{CC}	This pin is the positive supply of the control IC.
8	V_{REF}	This is the reference output. It provides charging current for capacitor C_T through resistor R_T .

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING**(Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage (Low impedance source)	V_{CC}	30	V
Analog Input Voltage (V _{FB} and I _{SENSE})	V_{IN}	-0.3~+6.3	V
Supply Current	Icc	30	mA
Output Current	I _{OUT}	±1	Α
Error Amplifier Output Sink Current	I _{O(SINK)}	10	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	702	mW
Output Energy (Capacitive load)	W	5	μJ
Junction Temperature	T_J	150	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-65~+150	°C

Notes: 1. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

■ THERMAL DATA

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}			178	°C/W

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Supply Voltage				30	V
Land Mallana	R _T /C _T		0		5.5	V
Input Voltage	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V				
Output Voltage (OUTPUT)		V _{OUT}	0		30	V
Supply Current, Externally Limited		I _{CC}			25	mA
Output Current		I _{OUT}			200	mA
Reference Output Current		I _{O(REF)}			-20	mA
Oscillator Frequency		f _{OSC}		100	500	kHz
Operating Temperature		Та	-40		+85	°C

^{2.} All voltages are concerning the device GND terminal.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 15 V, R_T = 10k Ω , C_T = 3.3nF, T_J =25°C, unless otherwise specified)

		TEST CONDITIONS		T) (D		I -
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
REFERENCE SECTION		T		ı	1 .	l
Reference Output Voltage	V_{REF}	I _{OUT} =1mA, T _J =25°C	4.95	5	5.05	V
Line Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	V _{CC} = 12V~25V		6	20	mV
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT}	I _{OUT} = 1mA~20mA		6	25	mV
Average Temperature Coefficient Of Output Voltage	Ts			0.2	0.4	mV/°C
Total Output Variation	V_{REF}	V _{CC} =12V~25V, I _{OUT} =1mA~20mA	4.9		5.1	V
Output Noise Voltage	eN	f = 10Hz~10kHz, T _J =25°C		50		μV
Long Term Stability		T _J =25°C FOR 1000 hours		5	25	mV
Output Short Circuit Current	I _{SC}		-30	-100	-180	mA
OSCILLATOR SECTION				•	•	
Frequency	fosc	T_J =25°C, R_T =62k Ω , C_T =1nF, Min =225 kHz, Max =275 kHz	49	52	55	kHz
	A.F.	T _J = Full range	48		56	kHz
Frequency Change with Voltage	$\frac{\Delta fosc}{\Delta V}$	V _{CC} = 12V ~ 25V		0.2	1	%
Frequency Change with	Δfosc	T _J = Full range		5		%
Temperature	ΔΤ	1 J = 1 ull range		3		70
Oscillator Voltage Swing	V_{OSC}	Peak to peak		1.7		V
Discharge Current	I _{DISC}	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, R_T/C_T = 2V$ $R_T/C_T = 2V$	7.8 7.5	8.3	8.8	mA mA
ERROR-AMPLIFIER SECTION		1. (1. 0)		I	0.0	
Voltage Feedback Input	V _{FB}	COMP =2.5V	2.45	2.5	2.55	V
Input Bias Current	I _{I(BIAS)}	2.00	2.10	-0.3	-1	μA
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G _{VO}	V _{OUT} =2V~4V	65	90	-	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	G _{BW}	1001 = 11	0.7	1		MHz
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} =12V~25V	60	70		dB
Output Sink Current	I _{SINK}	V _{FB} =2.7V, COMP=1.1V	2	6		mA
Output Source Current	Isource	V _{FB} =2.3V, COMP =5V	-0.5	-0.8		mA
	V _{OH}	V_{FB} =2.3V, R_L =15k Ω to GND	5	6		V
Output Voltage Swing High State	V _{OL}	V_{FB} =2.7V, R_L =15kΩ to GND		0.7	1.1	V
CURRENT-SENSE SECTION	- OL	TIB				
Current Sense Input Voltage Gain	G _V	(Note 2,3)	2.85	3	3.15	V/V
Maximum Current Sense Input Threshold	V _{TH}	COMP =5V (Note 2)	0.9	1	1.1	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} =12V~25V (Note 2)		70		dB
Input Bias Current	I _{I(BIAS)}	155 121 251 (11616 2)		-2	-10	μA
Propagation Delay	t _D	V _{FB} =0V~2V		150	300	ns
OUTPUT SECTION	NU NU	1-10 01 21			_ 555	
		I _{OH} =-20mA	13	13.5		V
High-Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} =-200mA	12	13.5		V
Low-Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	I _{OL} =20mA I _{OL} =200mA		0.1 1.5	0.4 2.2	V
Under-Voltage Lockout Output Voltage	V_{UVLO}	V _{CC} =5V, I _{OL} =1mA		0.7	1.2	V
Output Voltage Rise Time	t _R	$C_L = 1nF, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		50	150	ns
Output Voltage Fall Time	t _F	$C_L = 1nF, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		50	150	ns

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

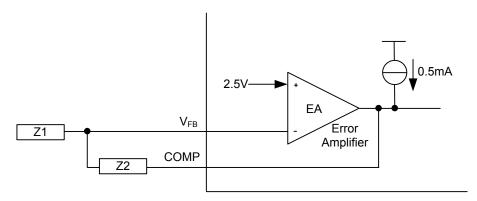
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
UNDERVOLTAGE-LOCKOUT SECTION							
Startup Threshold	V_{TH}		7.8	8.4	9	V	
Minimum Operating Voltage			7	7.0	0.0	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
After Start-Up	$V_{CC(MIN)}$		/	7.6	8.2	V	
PULSE-WIDTH MODULATOR SECTION							
Maximum Duty Cycle	$D_{C(MAX)}$		94	96	100	%	
Minimum Duty Cycle	$D_{C(MIN)}$				0	%	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE							
Power Startup Supply Current	I _{CC} +I _C			0.3	0.5	mA	
Power Operating Supply Current	I _{CC} +I _C	V _{FB} and I _{SENSE} at 0V		11	17	mA	
Power Supply Zener Voltage	Vz	I _{CC} =25mA	30	34		V	

Notes: 1. Adjust V_{CC} above the start threshold before setting it to 15V.

- 2. Measured at the trip point of the latch, with VFB at 0V.
- 3. Measured between I_{SENSE} and COMP, with the input changing from 0V ~ 0.8V.

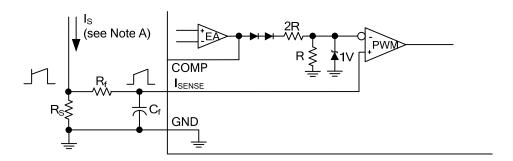
APPLICATION INFORMATION

Error amplifier (EA) configuration circuit:



Note: Error amplifier can source or sink up to 0.5mA.

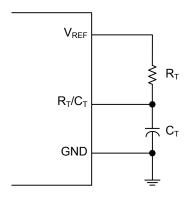
Current-sense circuit:



Notes: 1. Peak current (I_S) is determined by the formula: $I_{S(max)} = 1 \text{ V/R}_{S}$

2. A small RC filter formed by resistor R_f and capacitor C_f may be required to suppress switch transients.

The oscillator frequency is set using the circuit:



The frequency is calculated as followed:

 $f = 1 / R_T C_T$

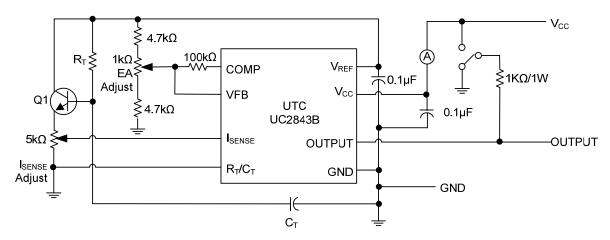
For $R_T > 5k\Omega$:

 $f = 1.72 / R_T C_T$

■ APPLICATION INFORMATION(Cont.)

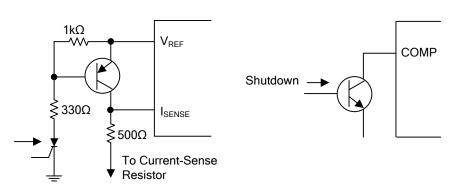
Open-Loop Laboratory Test Fixture

In the open-loop laboratory test fixture, high peak currents and loads need grounding techniques. The transistor and $5-k\Omega$ potentiometer sample the oscillator waveform, applying an adjustable ramp to the I_{SENSE} terminal. Timing and bypass capacitors should be connected closely to the GND terminal in a single-point ground.



Shutdown Technique

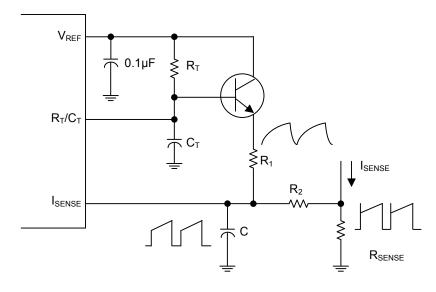
The PWM controller can be shut down through two methods: the one is raising voltage (above 1 V) at I_{SENSE} , the other is pulling the COMP terminal below a voltage two diode drops above ground. Either method can leave the output of the PWM comparator high (refer to block diagram). To reset the PWM latch is dominant so the output can stay low in the case of the next clock cycle is coming and the COMP or I_{SENSE} terminal is removed beyond this shutdown condition. For example, an externally-latched shutdown can be accomplished by adding an SCR reset by cycling V_{CC} below the lower UVLO threshold. So the reference turns off then allows the SCR to reset at this condition.



■ APPLICATION INFORMATION(Cont.)

Shutdown Technique (cont.)

A fraction of the triangular-wave oscillator can be summed resistively with the current-sense signal providing slope compensation for converters, which requiring duty cycles over 50%. Please note that capacitor C forms a filter with R2 to suppress the leading-edge switch spikes.



UTC assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all UTC products described or contained herein. UTC products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner. The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice.