## Precision Metal Film Resistors

## Materials and Features:

- EIA standard color coding
- Flame retardant type available
- Low noise \& Voltage coefficient
- Low temperature coefficient
- Wide precision range in small package
- Very low or very high ohmic values available upon request
- Nichrome resistor element provides stable performance in various environments
- Multiple epoxy coating on vacuum-deposited metal film provides superior moisture protection

\section*{Explanation of Part Numbers: <br> | MF | 25 | C | 1001 | F | T | XX |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |}

1 Style:
MF - Metal Film
2 Wattage:

| $08=1 / 8$ watt | $25=1 / 4$ watt | $40=.4 \mathrm{watt}$ | $50=1 / 2$ watt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $60=.6$ watt | $100=1$ watt | $200=2$ watt |  |

## 3 Temperature Coefficient:

$\mathrm{T}= \pm 15 \mathrm{ppm}$
*C $= \pm 50 \mathrm{ppm}$ (Std)
$\mathrm{E}= \pm 25 \mathrm{ppm}$
$\mathrm{D}= \pm 100 \mathrm{ppm}$

* Standard TC provided unless otherwise specified in part number.


## 4 Nominal Resistance Value:

E24 Series (5\% Tolerance)
The first two digits are significant figures of resistance and the third digit denotes the number of zeros (decimal point is expressed by the letter "R").
i.e. $102=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$

$$
1 R 2=1.2 \Omega
$$

E96 Series (1\% Tolerance)
The first three digits are significant figures of resistance and the fourth digit denotes the number of zeros.
i.e. $1001=1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
$10 R 0=10 \Omega$

## 5 Tolerance:

A $= \pm .05 \%$
B $= \pm .1 \%$
C $= \pm .25 \%$
$\mathrm{D}= \pm .5 \%$
$\mathrm{F}= \pm 1 \%$
$\mathrm{G}= \pm 2 \%$
$J= \pm 5 \%$

## 6 Packaging:

$\mathrm{T}=$ Tape \& Reel $\quad \mathrm{B}=$ Bulk
TB = Tape \& Box $\quad A=$ Ammo

## 7 Lead Forming:

PN = Panasert Type PA1 = Avisert Type 1
PA2 $=$ Avisert Type $2 \quad$ PA3 $=$ Avisert Type 3
*For all other requests, please consult factory.

## Dimension:



| Normal Size |  |  |  |  |  | Small Size |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style | Power Rating at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Dimension (mm) |  |  |  | Style | Power Rating at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Dimension (mm) |  |  |  |
|  |  | D Max. | L Max. | $\mathbf{d}_{-0.05}^{+0.02}$ | $\mathrm{H} \pm 3$ |  |  | D Max. | L Max. | $\mathbf{d}_{-0.05}^{+0.02}$ | $\mathrm{H} \pm 3$ |
| MF08 | 1/8W (0.125W) | 1.85 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 28 | MF25S | 1/4W (0.25W) | 1.85 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 28 |
| MF25 | 1/4W (0.25W) | 2.5 | 6.8 | 0.6 | 28 | MF40SS | 0.4 W | 1.9 | 3.7 | 0.5 | 28 |
| MF50 | 1/2W (0.5W) | 3.5 | 10.0 | 0.6 | 28 | MF50S | 1/2W (0.5W) | 3.0 | 9.0 | 0.6 | 28 |
| MF100 | 1W | 5.0 | 12.0 | 0.7 | 28 | MF50SS | 1/2W (0.5W) | 2.5 | 6.8 | 0.6 | 28 |
| MF200 | 2W | 5.5 | 16.0 | 0.8 | 28 | MF60S | 0.6W | 2.5 | 6.8 | 0.6 | 28 |

General Specification

| Style | Dielectric Withstanding Voltage | Max. <br> Working Voltage | Max. Overload Voltage | Resistance Tolerance | T.C.R. | Resistance Range | Special Order |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Resistance Tolerance | T.C.R. |
| MF08 <br> MF25S | 400V | 200V | 400V | $\pm 5 \%$ | $\pm 200 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.25 \%$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 2 \%$ | $\pm 100 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | $\pm 25 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MF40SS | 200 V |  |  | $\pm 1 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |  | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MF25 <br> MF60S | 500 V | 250 V | 500V | $\pm 5 \%$ | $\pm 200 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.1 \%$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 2 \%$ | $\pm 100 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.25 \%$ | $\pm 25 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MF50SS | 250 V |  |  | $\pm 1 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MF50 <br> MF50S | 700V | 350 V | 700 V | $\pm 5 \%$ | $\pm 200 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.1 \%$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 2 \%$ | $\pm 100 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.25 \%$ | $\pm 25 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 1 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 22.1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| MF100 <br> MF200 | 1000 V | 500 V | 1000V | $\pm 5 \%$ | $\pm 200 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.1 \%$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 2 \%$ | $\pm 100 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.25 \%$ | $\pm 25 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\pm 1 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $1 \Omega \sim 10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ | $\pm 0.5 \%$ | $\pm 50 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: MF - xx - SS is Non-Flame coating.

* MF200 Series is only available up to $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$



## Precision Metal Film Resistors

## Performance Specifications

| Characteristics | Test Methods | Limits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature coefficient $\text { JIS - C - } 5202 \quad 5.2$ | Natural resistance change per temp. degree centigrade. $\frac{\mathrm{R}_{2}-\mathrm{R}_{1}}{\mathrm{R}_{1}\left(\mathrm{t}_{2}-\mathrm{t}_{1}\right)} \times 10^{6}\left(\mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ : Resistance value at room temperature ( $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ ) <br> $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ : Resistance value at room temp. plus $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{t}_{2}\right)$ | $\pm 350 \mathrm{PPM} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Dielectric withstanding voltage JIS - C - 52025.7 | Resistors shall be clamped in the trough of a $90^{\circ}$ metallic $V$ - block and shall be tested at AC potential respectively specified in the above list for $60+10 /-0$ seconds. | No evidence of flashover, mechanical damage, arcing or insulation break down. |
| Temperature cycling$\text { JIS - C - } 52027.4$ | Resistance change after continuous five cycles for duty cycle specified below: | Resistance change rate is $\pm 2 \%+0.05 \Omega)$ <br> No evidence of mechanical damage |
|  | Step $\quad$ Temperature ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Time |  |
|  | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 30$ minutes |  |
|  | Room temp 10~15 minutes |  |
|  | $3 \quad+155^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad 30$ minutes |  |
|  | 4 Room temp $10 \sim 15$ minutes |  |
| Short - time overload JIS - C - 52025.5 | Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 2.5 times RCWV or the max. overload voltage respectively specified in the above list, whichever less for 5 seconds. | Resistance change rate is $\begin{aligned} & N: \pm(1 \%+0.05 \Omega) \\ & S: \pm(2 \%+0.05 \Omega) \end{aligned}$ <br> No evidence of mechanical damage |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pulse overload } \\ & \text { JIS - C - } 52025.8 \end{aligned}$ | Resistance change after 10,000 cycles ( 1 second "on", 25 seconds "off") at 4 times RCWV or the max. pulse overload voltage. | Resistance change rate is $\begin{aligned} & N: \pm(2 \%+0.05 \Omega) \\ & S: \pm(5 \%+0.05 \Omega) \end{aligned}$ <br> No evidence of mechanical damage |
| Load life in humidity$\text { JIS - C - } 52027.9$ | Resistance change after 1,000 hours ( 1.5 hours "on" 0.5 hour "off") at RCWV in a humidity chamber controlled at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 90 to $95 \%$ relative humidity. | Resistance value $\quad \Delta \mathrm{R} / \mathrm{R}$ |
|  |  | Less than $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  | $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ or more $\pm 10 \%$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Load life } \\ \text { JIS-C }-52027.10 \end{gathered}$ | Permanent resistance change after 1,000 hours operating at RCWV, with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "on", 0.5 hour "off" at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm$ $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ambient. | Resistance value $\quad \mathbf{\Delta R} / \mathrm{R}$ |
|  |  | Less than $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega \quad \pm 5 \%$ |
|  |  | $100 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ or more $\pm 10 \%$ |
| Terminal strength JIS - C - 52026.1 | Direct load : Resistance to a 2.5 kgs direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the terminal leads. <br> Twist test : Terminal leads shall be bent through 90 at point of about 6 mm from the body of the resistor and shall be rotated through $360^{\circ}$ about the original axis of the bent terminal in alternating direction for a total of 3 rotations. | No evidence of mechanical damage |
| Resistance to soldering heat $\text { JIS - C - } 52026.4$ | Permanent resistance change when leads immersed to 3.2 mm to 4.8 mm from the body in $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ solder for $3 \pm 0.5$ seconds | Resistance change rate is $\pm(1 \%+0.05 \mathrm{~W})$. No evidence of mechanical damage |
| Solderability <br> JIS - C - 52026.5 | The area covered with a new, smooth, clean, shiny and continuous surface free from concentrated pinholes. <br> Test temp. of solder : $235^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Dwell time in solder : $3+0.5 /-0$ seconds | 95\% coverage Min. |
| Resistance to solvent $\text { JIS - C - } 52026.9$ | Specimens shall be immersed in a bath of trichloroethane completely for 3 minutes with ultrasonic. | No deterioration of protective coatings and markings |
| Flame retardant $\text { JIS - C - 5202 } 7.12$ | Resistors shall resist flaming or arcing when overloaded up to 16 times RCWV. | No evidence of flaming or arcing |

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[^0]:    *RCWV $=$ Rated Continuous Working Voltage $=\sqrt{\text { Rated Power } \times \text { Resistance Value }}$

